Part 2: Scope, Pricing and Terms and Conditions

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SECTION 2-A: Scope of Work

1.0 Purpose and Background

1.1 Purpose: The Arizona Department of Gaming Division of Problem Gambling (“DPG”) is seeking to obtain the services of behavioral health treatment professionals (“Providers”) to provide programs for treating and educating individuals with gambling problems and to provide statewide problem gambling treatment services to problem gamblers and those affected by problem gambling as funding allows.

1.2 Background: The Arizona State Gaming Agency was established by Laws 1992, Ch 286, § 4 (effective July 1, 1992), A.R.S. § 5-601, within the Arizona Department of Racing, to carry out the responsibilities of the State resulting from the execution of tribal gaming compacts by the Governor pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act ("IGRA"), 25 U.S.C. 2000 et seq. Recognizing the growth of Indian gaming in the state and the need for a more specialized and independent regulatory body, the Arizona Legislature passed Laws 1995, Chapter 76, which created the Arizona Department of Gaming ("Department") effective July 13, 1995. In the November 2002 General Election, the people of Arizona passed Proposition 202. Included in that Proposition was a provision for problem gambling programs. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 5-601.02(H)(#)(a)(ii), of the monies deposited by the Tribes into the Arizona Benefits Fund, the Department receives two percent (2%) to fund state and local programs for the prevention and treatment of, and education concerning, problem gambling. In addition, for fiscal year 2006 and each fiscal year since, the legislature has appropriated $300,000 from Lottery revenues to fund problem gambling programs. The Department created the Office of Problem Gambling (OPG) in September 2003, whose duties and responsibilities include:

1.2.1 Providing and supporting problem gambling programs that include prevention, treatment, and education; and

1.2.2 Contracting with behavioral health treatment professionals to provide programs for treating and educating individuals with gambling problems, and preventing further gambling problems; and

1.2.3 Contracting with behavioral health treatment professionals skilled in problem gambling program training to provide training and education to other behavioral health treatment professionals to enable them to provide quality counseling and training to those needing help with gambling problems; and

1.2.4 Monitoring all behavioral health treatment providers and trainers to ensure that they meet the requirements outlined in their respective contracts.

To fulfill these duties in regards to treatment, the Department is making funds available for the statewide provision of outpatient treatment services for problem and pathological gambling. Several contracts will be awarded to meet identified needs across Arizona. Historically, the fiscal year budgets have averaged over $1 million per fiscal year.
2.0 Scope Summary

2.1 The Contract shall be on an “as needed, if needed” basis. There is no guarantee as to the amount of work that may be performed under any resulting Contract.

2.1.1 A Contractor may be selected for on purchase order (“PO”), multiple PO’s, or none.

2.2 The contracted services shall be performed on behalf of the requesting Authorized Entity via a PO.

2.3 Treatment Assistance Program Services shall only be performed through purchase orders (“PO”). Work consistent with this contract shall only begin once a mutually agreed upon written PO has been signed by both parties to the project.

2.4 Definition of Key Terms:

2.4.1 CEU: Continuing Education Unit; Educational units required to maintain licensure or designation as a gambling treatment counselor.

2.4.2 Clinical Consultation Call: Facilitated by a DPG approved moderator, clinical consultation calls are designed to develop and enhance the skills of gambling treatment counselors through discussion of pertinent clinical issues and interventions, case presentations and the liaison of agencies to improve case management of clients.

2.4.3 Continuing Education: Educational opportunities beyond formal education and initial entry level into a profession to enable practitioners to maintain competence, to become aware of new developments, and to provide responsible quality services.

2.4.4 Core Training: Sixty (60) hours of problem gambling specific training that prepares a licensed behavioral health professional to treat treatment assistance program (TAP) clients consisting of Phase I and Phase II training segments as described in the TAP Provider Manual. All training hours claimed as meeting Core Training requirements must be approved by the DPG.

2.4.5 Department: The Arizona Department of Gaming.

2.4.6 DPG: The Division of Problem Gambling within the Department.

2.4.7 Gambling Treatment Counselor: Individual providing direct counseling to clients who meet the requirements specified in this Scope of Work.

2.4.8 NCGC II: Nationally Certified Gambling Counselor II; Certification level offered by the International Gambling Counselor Certification Board.

2.4.9 TAP: Treatment Assistance Program; the name given to the state-funded gambling treatment program.

2.4.10 TAP Provider Manual: A manual of required procedures and forms the DPG provides to each funded gambling treatment Contractor.
3.0 Scope of Services

3.1 Gambling Treatment Counselor Minimum Qualifications

3.1.1 Contractors offering problem gambling counseling through the state-funded treatment program shall meet the following requirements:

3.1.1 (a) Be a licensed behavioral health counselor in Arizona (LPC, MFT, LISAC, LCSW, or psychologist Psy.D/PhD.)

3.1.1 (b) Either:

   (b i) Hold a valid NCGC II certification; or

   (b ii) Have documentation verifying completion of Phase I of Core Training (or another approved 30 hour problem gambling specialty training program) AND providing TAP services under the clinical supervision (8 hrs. annually) with a DPG approved clinical supervisor *; or

   (b iii) Have documentation verifying completion of all Core Training hours (Phase I & II) or another approved 60 hour problem gambling specialty training program and performance of 100 hours of TAP services for DPG treatment.

* Clinical consultation supervision calls can be used to fulfill the 8 hours of clinical supervision if specific case consultations are brought up and discussed by the counselor.

* Clinical consultation supervision calls can be used to fulfill problem gambling CEU’s for up to six (6) hours.

3.1.1 (c) Participation in a minimum of 3 of 6 DPG provided problem gambling specific clinical consultation supervision calls.

Associate counselors (LAC, LASAC, LMSW, LAMFT) can provide treatment under the contracted provider and require ongoing monthly, gambling specific supervision, and completion of Phase I of the core training.

3.2 Specific Requirements for Outpatient Treatment Services

3.2.1 The Contractor shall ensure gambling treatment counselors:

3.2.1 (a) Document completion of twelve (12) hours of problem gambling specific continuing education units every twelve (12) months during the contract period. If a gambling treatment counselor has not completed the Core Training, continuing education hours must count toward completion of the Core Training. Participation in one DPG approved clinical consultation call may be used for 1 CEU hour up to a maximum of 6 hours to partially meet this requirement.

3.2.1 (b) For contractors who are not issued purchase orders for at least 6 months during a contract year, gambling treatment counselors must document completion of 6 hours of problem gambling specific continuing education units every 12 months. Participation in one DPG
approved clinical consultation call may be used for 1 CEU hour up to a maximum of 6 hours to meet this requirement.

3.2.2 Required Services: The Contractor shall provide outpatient services in compliance with the requirements found in the TAP Treatment Provider Manual. Services to be provided include the following:

3.2.2 (a) Referrals/Scheduling Clients

The Contractor shall accept referrals for TAP services provided the client has been deemed clinically appropriate to receive services based upon an initial screening and TAP funding is available. Clients shall receive an assessment session as soon as is practical after the date of referral.

3.2.2 (b) Initial Screening

The Contractor or qualified staff shall conduct a brief, initial screening to determine if the individual is appropriate for problem gambling treatment services. The Contractor shall not bill for this screening. Based on this screening, the Contractor will determine if a more extensive assessment is appropriate.

3.2.2 (c) Assessment

The gambling treatment counselor shall complete assessments on all clients deemed appropriate for the service based upon the initial screening. All assessments completed under contract with the DPG shall conform to the requirements delineated in the TAP Treatment Provider Manual.

3.2.2 (d) Individual Counseling

Individual counseling shall consist of a goal-oriented process in which the client is counseled by and in the presence of a gambling treatment counselor, in accordance with the treatment plan, to relieve symptoms and resolve problems related to problem or pathological gambling.

3.2.2 (e) Group Counseling

Group counseling shall consist of activities, directly related to the attainment of objectives as defined in the written treatment plan that the gambling treatment counselor provides to a minimum of two and a maximum of ten clients. Groups exceeding ten clients require preapproval from the DPG and should only occur under unusual circumstances. If such groups do not consist exclusively of problem gambling clients, the gambling treatment counselor shall demonstrate that problem gambling-specific issues are adequately addressed in each group session and that the gambling treatment counselor conducting the group or groups uses counseling techniques appropriate for use with problem gamblers.

3.2.2 (f) Family Counseling
Family counseling shall consist of sessions in which the identified gambler and a minimum of one other person in a committed relationship with the identified gambler, is counseled by a gambling treatment counselor in accordance with the identified client’s treatment plan.

3.2.2 (g) Crisis Phone Counseling
The Contractor may use crisis phone counseling when the gambling treatment counselor deems a client, who is currently active in the problem gambling treatment program, to be in crisis, and in-person counseling is not possible due to sickness or extenuating circumstances.

3.2.2 (h) Remote Phone Counseling
The gambling treatment counselor may use telephonic counseling as a viable modality in cases where in-person counseling is not practical due to factors such as the client’s distance from the treatment facility, a lack of adequate transportation, or the client’s incapacity. In such cases, the gambling treatment counselor shall provide the client with a DPG-approved treatment handbook to support and help structure telephonic counseling sessions.

3.2.3 The Contractor shall maintain clinical records in accordance with the requirements found in the TAP Treatment Provider Manual. Contractor shall comply with all local, state and federal laws and regulations in regards to the handling and discharge of all client clinical records. The DPG or its designee shall have access to all clinical records for which TAP reimbursement has been sought for audit purposes.

3.2.4 The Contractor shall provide services to those who meet eligibility criteria for gambling treatment as delineated in the TAP Treatment Provider Manual. All clients clinically eligible to receive services shall not be refused services based solely upon their inability to pay for services.

3.2.5 The DPG requires that services which exceed 20 individual therapy sessions be authorized via an exemption request, which requires a brief clinical justification for continued treatment. Pre-discharge planning must be evident for authorization of services beyond a continuing stay review.

3.2.6 An inactive client will automatically be discharged from the DMS if no treatment activity has occurred for 90 consecutive days. The contractor should write a discharge statement for their clinical file, however the discharge within the DMS should not be completed, unless specifically requested by DPG.

3.2.7 If Contractor desires to change the location at which the gambling treatment counselor serves problem gamblers under this Contract, the location must be
within a reasonable distance of the original location and the Contractor must notify and receive the approval of the DPG at least 30 days before the move takes place.

3.2.8 TAP Provider Manual. Contractor will maintain compliance with the requirements found in the TAP Provider Manual, and all subsequent updates to the manual.

No Exhibits apply to the Scope of Work.

End of Section 2-A
SECTION 2-B: Pricing Document

1.0 Compensation

1.1 COMPENSATION METHOD
Contractor will be compensated based on the mutually agreed upon Purchase Order. Pricing of the purchase order shall not exceed the labor rates indicated on the pricing sheet for satisfactorily carrying out its obligations under the Contract.

2.0 Pricing

2.1 The Arizona Department of Gaming shall pay a Contractor the following fee-for-service rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>UOM:</th>
<th>Rate per UOM:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Client Assessment</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$225.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual Sessions (Including Brief Relapse Prevention)</td>
<td>Hourly</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Sessions</td>
<td>Hourly</td>
<td>$110.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Sessions</td>
<td>Per-Client/Hourly</td>
<td>$35.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remote Phone Counseling</td>
<td>Hourly</td>
<td>$91.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crisis Phone Counseling</td>
<td>Hourly</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All administrative costs are built into service rates.

2.2 PRICING-ALL-INCLUSIVE:

2.2.1 Pricing is all-inclusive, including any ancillary fees and costs required to accomplish the Scope of Work and all aspects of Contractor’s offer as accepted by State. Details of service not explicitly stated in the Scope of Work or in Contractor’s Offer, but necessarily a part of, are deemed to be understood by Contractor and included herein. All administrative, reporting, or other requirements, all overhead costs and profit and any other costs toward the accomplishment of the requirements in the Contract are included in the pricing provided.

2.3 PRICE INCREASES:

2.3.1 The Arizona Department of Gaming may review a fully documented request for a price increase. The requested increase shall be in writing and be based upon a cost increase to the contractor that was clearly unpredictable at the time of the offer and is directly correlated to the price of the product concerned. Contractor must provide conclusive evidence of a need for any price increases such as being substantiated by the Producer Price Index, Consumer Price Index, or similar pricing guide.

(a) Initial Contract prices will be honored for one year after award of Contract.

(b) All written requests for price adjustments made by the contractor shall be initiated thirty (30) days in advance of any desired price increase to allow State sufficient time to make a fair and equitable determination to any such requests. This may be waived upon proper documentation demonstrating the urgency of the request.
(c) All price adjustments will be implemented by a formal contract change order. State shall determine whether the requested price increase or an alternate option is in the best interest of State.

2.4 PRICE REDUCTIONS:

2.4.1 Price reductions shall by immediately passed along to State and may be submitted in writing to State for consideration at any time during the Contract period. The contractor shall offer State a price reduction on the Contract product(s) concurrent with a published price reduction made to other customers. State at its own discretion may accept a price reduction. The price reduction request shall be in writing and include documentation showing the actual reduction of cost. Sales promotions requests shall include difference in pricing, begin, and end date of promotion along with the products covered.

2.5 ADDITIONAL CHARGES:

2.5.1 Any charges or fees not delineated in the Contract may not be added, billed, or invoiced under the Contract. All additional work shall be approved by Arizona Department of Gaming in advance and be in accordance with the contract rate.

2.6 TRAVEL.

2.6.1 Contractor shall get written approval prior to any travel under the Contract in which reimbursement of expenses will be requested. Contractor will be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred in accordance with the current rates specified in State’s Travel Policy. Contractor shall itemize all per diem and lodging charges. State Travel Policy, including State rates, may be located at https://gao.az.gov/travel. The Eligible Agency shall reject any claim for travel reimbursement without prior written approval.

3.0 Funding

No particular funding considerations apart from paragraph 4.3 of the Uniform Terms and Conditions [Availability of Funds] have been identified as of the Solicitation date.

4.0 Invoicing

4.1 INVOICES GO TO BUYING ENTITY. Contractor shall submit all billing notices or invoices to the Arizona Department of Gaming at the address indicated on the applicable Order document.

4.2 MINIMUM INVOICE REQUIREMENTS. Every invoice must include the following information:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bill-to name and address</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contractor name and contact information</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remit-to address</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State contract number</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order number (typically the ProcureAZ PO #)</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invoice number and date</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date the items shipped or services performed</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applicable payment terms</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.3 NO INVOICE WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION. Contractor shall not seek payment for any:
1. Materials or Services that have not been authorized on an acknowledged Order;
2. Expediting, overtime, premiums, or upcharges absent State’s express prior approval; or
3. Materials or Services that are the subject of a Contract Amendment or Change Order that has not been fully signed.

4.4 PRE-INVOICE REVIEW. Shortly before Contractor is scheduled to submit each invoice, the parties’ representatives shall meet informally to review any issues relevant to that upcoming invoice so that the formal invoice process is thereby facilitated and made more efficient.

4.5 SUBMITTING INVOICES. Contractor shall submit an invoice to the Arizona Department of Gaming using the form provided or required by the Arizona Department of Gaming. Every invoice must be signed by Contractor’s authorized representative and accompanied by all supporting information and documentation required by the Contract and applicable laws.

4.6 DEFECTIVE INVOICES. Without prejudice to its other rights under the Contract or further obligation to Contractor, the Arizona Department of Gaming may, at its discretion, reject any materially defective invoice.

4.6.1 The Arizona Department of Gaming shall notify Contractor within 5 (five) business days after receipt if it determines an invoice to be materially defective.

4.6.2 Invoices will be deemed automatically rejected upon delivery if they:
   (a) are sent to an incorrect address;
   (b) do not reference the correct State contract number; or
   (c) are payable to any Person other than the Contractor.

4.6.3 The Arizona Department of Gaming will have no obligation to pay against a defective invoice unless and until Contractor has re-submitted it free of defects.

5.0 Payments

5.1 PAYMENT. The Arizona Department of Gaming shall pay undisputed amounts due to Contractor within the time period specified in Section 4.1 of the Special Terms and Conditions.
5.2 RECOVERY OF OVER-PAYMENT. If the Arizona Department of Gaming determines that an over-payment has been made to Contractor on any prior invoice, it shall inform Contractor of the amount and date of the over-payment and may deduct the over-paid amount from amounts then or thereafter due to Contractor.

5.3 PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS. Contractor shall make payment of all undisputed amounts due to Subcontractors within thirty (30) days of receipt of funds from the Arizona Department of Gaming to their services.

5.4 PURCHASING CARD. The Arizona Department of Gaming may pay invoices for some or all Orders using a purchasing card. Any and all fees related to payment using a Purchasing Card are the responsibility of Contractor. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract there will be no additional fees or increase in prices associated with this method of payment.

5.5 AUTOMATED CLEARING HOUSE. The Arizona Department of Gaming may pay invoices for some or all Orders through an Automated Clearing House (ACH). In order to receive payments in this manner from Eligible Agencies, Contractor must complete an ACH Vendor Authorization Form (form GAO-618) within 30 (thirty) days after the effective date of the Contract. The form is available online at: https://gao.az.gov/afis/vendor-information

No Exhibits apply to the Pricing Document.

End of Section 2-B
SECTION 2-C: Special Terms and Conditions

The Special Terms and Conditions modify the Uniform Terms and Conditions and its Appendices. It can modify them by replacing, deleting, appending to, or revising the text of an existing provision or by inserting a new paragraph into an existing article. No other document modifies or adds to the Uniform Terms and Conditions, except as may subsequently be otherwise and expressly agreed and incorporated by Contract Amendment.

1.0 Definition of Terms

As used in the Contract, the terms listed below are defined as follows:

1.1 Acceptance

“Acceptance” means the document headed “Offer and Acceptance Form” bearing the State contract number once Procurement Officer has signed it to signify (1) State’s formal acceptance of the Accepted Offer and (2) the formation of the Contract. For clarity of intent, the foregoing is not to be confused with the term “acceptance” used throughout the Contract in the context of delivery, inspection, etc., with respect to Materials or Services.

1.2 Accepted Offer

If State did not request a Revised Offer, then “Accepted Offer” means the Initial Offer. If State did request a Revised Offer but not a Best and Final Offer, then “Accepted Offer” means the latest Revised Offer. If State requested a Best and Final Offer, then “Accepted Offer” means the Best and Final Offer.

1.3 Arizona Procurement Code; A.R.S.; A.A.C.

“Arizona Procurement Code, “A.R.S.,” and “A.A.C.” are each defined in the Instructions to Offerors.

1.4 Arizona TPT

“Arizona TPT” means Arizona Transaction Privilege Tax. For information, refer to the Arizona Department of Revenue (DOR) website at: https://www.azdor.gov/business/transactionprivilegetax.aspx.

1.5 Attachment

“Attachment” means any item that:
1. the Solicitation required Offeror to submit as part of the relevant Offer (e.g., Initial Offer, Revised Offer, or BAFO);
2. was attached to an Offer when submitted; and
3. was included in the Accepted Offer.

1.6 Pricing Document

“Pricing Document” means Section 2-B of Part 2 of the Solicitation Documents, provided that, if there is no such Section in the Contract, then “Pricing Document” is to be construed as referring to whatever item in the Contract contains the contracted pricing and payment provisions.

1.7 Contract Amendment

“Contract Amendment” means a document signed by Procurement Officer that has been issued for the purpose of making changes to the Contract after execution. The term “Change Order” in ProcureAZ is to be construed as being synonymous with “Contract Amendment”.

1.8 Contract Terms and Conditions

“Contract Terms and Conditions” means the Special Terms and Conditions and these Uniform Terms and Conditions taken collectively.

1.9 Contractor

“Contractor” means the Person identified on the Accepted Offer who has entered into the Contract with State.

1.10 Contractor Indemnitor

“Contractor Indemnitor” means Contractor or any of its owners, officers, directors, agents, employees, or Subcontractors.
1.11 Eligible Agency
If the Special Terms and Conditions indicates that the Contract is a “single-agency” contract, then “Eligible Agency” means the particular State of Arizona agency, university, commission, or board identified therein. If the Special Terms and Conditions indicates that the Contract is a “statewide” contract, then “Eligible Agency” means any State of Arizona department, agency, university, commission, or board.

1.12 Indemnified Basic Claims
“Indemnified Basic Claims” means any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses, or expenses, including court costs, attorneys’ fees, and costs of claim processing, investigation and litigation, for bodily injury or personal injury, including death, or loss or damage to any real or tangible or intangible personal property, collectively. See paragraph 6.1.

1.13 Instructions to Offerors
“Instructions to Offerors” is Section 3-a of Part 3 of the Solicitation Documents.

1.14 Order
“Order” means the instrument by which State authorizes Contractor to perform some or all of the Work. Whether the Contract will have one Order or many Orders depends the scope of the Contract and how State will use it. The Special Terms and Conditions provide that information. Any of the following is to be construed as being an “Order”:
1. “Release” or “Release Purchase Order” in ProcureAZ;
2. “task order,” “service order,” or “job order” when a Release Purchase Order for Services has already been committed in ProcureAZ; or
3. “purchase order” for buying by Co-Op Buyers, if co-op buying applies.

1.15 ProcureAZ
“ProcureAZ” means State’s official electronic procurement system, established pursuant to A.A.C. R2-7-201 as set forth in the Arizona Department of Administration State Procurement Office policy document Technical Bulletin No. 020, ProcureAZ – The Official State eProcurement System.

NOTE (1): Technical Bulletin No. 020 is available online at: https://spo.az.gov/administration-policy/state-procurement-resource/procurement-regulations

NOTE (2): The URL for ProcureAZ itself is: https://procure.az.gov/

1.16 State
With respect to the Contract generally, “State” means the State of Arizona and its department, agency, university, commission, or board that has executed the Contract. With respect to administration or rights, remedies, obligations and duties under the Contract for a given Order, “State” means each of Eligible Agency or Co-Op Buyer who has issued the Order.

1.17 State Indemnitees
“State Indemnitees” means, collectively, the State of Arizona, its departments, agencies, universities, commissions, and boards and, and their respective officers, agents, and employees.

1.18 Subcontractor
“Subcontractor” has the meaning given in A.R.S. § 41-2503(38), which, for convenience of reference only, is “… a person who contracts to perform work or render service to … [C]ontractor or to another [S]ubcontractor as a part of a contract with a state governmental unit . . . .” The Contract is to be construed as “a contract with a state governmental unit” for purposes of the definition. For clarity of intent, a Person carrying out any element of the Work is a Subcontractor from the moment they first carry out that element of the Work regardless of whether or not a Subcontract exists then or subsequently.

1.19 Work
“Work” means the totality of the Materials and the Services and all the acts of administration, creation, production, and performance necessary to fulfill and incidental to fulfilling all of Contractor’s obligations and duties under the Contract in conformance with the Contract and applicable laws.

2.0 Contract Interpretation

2.1 Usage
Where the Contract:
1. assigns obligations to Contractor, any reference to “Contractor” is to be construed to be a reference to “Contractor and all Subcontractors, whether they are first-tier subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, suppliers, sub-suppliers, consultants, or sub-consultants, as well as all of Contractor’s and the Subcontractors’ respective agents, representatives, and employees” in every instance unless the context plainly requires that it be a reference only to Contractor as apart from Subcontractors;

2. uses the permissive “may” with respect to a party’s actions, determinations, etc., the term is to be interpreted as in A.A.C. R2-7-101(31) [Definitions]. For clarity of intent, any right given to State using “State may” or a like construction denotes discretion and freedom to act so far as any regulatory or operative constraints permit in the relevant circumstances, provided that: (a) where written “may, at its discretion,” the discretion extends to whatever is most advantageous to State; and (b) where written only as “may,” the discretion is constrained by what is fair, reasonable, and as accommodating of the respective best interests of both parties as practicable under the circumstances;

3. uses the imperative “shall” with respect to a party’s actions, duties, etc., the term is to be interpreted as in A.A.C. R2-7-101(43) [Definitions]. Conversely, the phrase “shall not” is to be interpreted as an imperative prohibition.

4. uses the term “must” with respect to a requirement, criterion, etc., the term is to be interpreted as conveying compulsion or strict necessity, and is to be read as though written “must, if [the subject] is to be entitled to have [the object] considered or credited as being compliant with, conforming to, or satisfying [the requirement, criterion, constraint, etc.], otherwise, [the object] will be considered or debited as being non-compliant, non-conforming, or unsatisfactory for its Contract-related purposes” in every instance;

5. uses the term “might” with respect to an event, outcome, action, etc., the term is to be interpreted as conveying contingency or non-discretionary conditionality; and

6. uses the term “will” or the phrases “is to be” or “are to be” with respect to an event, outcome, action, etc., the term or phrase is to be interpreted as conveying such certainty or imperative that “shall” is either unnecessary or irrelevant in that instance.

2.2 Contract Order of Precedence

COMPLEMENTARY DOCUMENTS. All of the documents forming the Contract are complementary. If certain work, requirements, obligations, or duties are set out only in one but not in another, Contractor shall carry out the Work as though the relevant work, requirements, obligations, or duties had been fully described in all, consistent with the other documents forming the Contract and as is reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce complete results.

CONFLICTS. In case of any inconsistency, conflict, or ambiguity among the documents forming the Contract and their provisions, they are to prevail in the following order, descending from most dominate to most subordinate, provided that, among categories of documents or provisions having the same rank, the document or provision with the latest date prevails. Information being identified in one document but not in another is not to be considered a conflict or inconsistency.

(a) Contract Amendments;

(b) the Solicitation Documents, in the order:

1. Special Terms and Conditions;
2. Exhibits to the Special Terms and Conditions;
3. Uniform Terms and Conditions;
4. Scope of Work;
5. Exhibits to the Scope of Work;
6. Pricing Document;
7. Exhibits to the Pricing Document;
(8) Specifications; and
(9) any other documents referenced or included in the Solicitation;

(c) Orders, in reverse chronological order; and
(d) Accepted Offer.

ATTACHMENTS AND EXHIBITS. For clarity of intent, if an item was an Attachment in the Solicitation Documents or an Offer (either Initial, Revised, Best and Final, or Accepted) and was subsequently made into an Exhibit, or its content was incorporated into one of the other Contract documents, then that Attachment no longer exists contractually as an “Attachment” since it has at that point been made into some other Contract document. In every other case, an Attachment and the Offeror data therein remain part of the Accepted Offer for purposes of precedence and contractual effect.

2.3 Independent Contractor
Contractor is an independent contractor and shall act in an independent capacity in performance under the Contract. Neither party is or is to be construed as being to be the employee or agent of the other party, and no action, inaction, event, or circumstance will be grounds for deeming it to be so.

2.4 Complete Integration
The Contract, including any documents incorporated into the Contract by reference, is intended by the parties as a final and complete expression of their agreement. There are no prior, contemporaneous, or additional agreements, either oral or in writing, pertaining to the Contract.

3.0 Contract Administration and Operation

3.1 Term of Contract
The term of the Contract will commence on the date indicated on the Acceptance and continue for one (1) year unless canceled, terminated, or permissibly extended.

3.2 Contract Extensions
State may at its discretion extend the initial Contract term in increments of one or more months and do so one or more times, provided that, the maximum aggregate term of the Contract including extensions cannot exceed the maximum aggregate term of 5 (five) years.

3.3 ProcureAZ Vendor Registration
To be eligible for a contract for outpatient services you must be registered with ProcureAZ, the State of Arizona’s electronic procurement system. Failure to register with ProcureAZ will prohibit the Department of Gaming from contracting with your agency. To register, go to procure.az.gov and follow the directions to register. You will need to register for commodity code 952-08. Please complete this process prior to sending in your application to avoid delays in processing.

3.4 Notices and Correspondence
3.3.1 TO CONTRACTOR. State shall:
(a) address all Contract correspondence other than formal notices to the email address indicated as “Default for Type” for “General Mailing Address” in Contractor’s corresponding ProcureAZ Vendor Profile; and
(b) address any required notices to Contractor to the “Contact Name and Title” at the “Mailing Address” indicated on the Accepted Offer, as that address might have been amended during the term of the Contract.

3.3.2 TO STATE. Contractor shall:
(a) address all Contract correspondence other than format notices to the email address indicated in “Contact Instructions” in the ProcureAZ Summary for State; and
(b) address any required notices to State to Procurement Officer identified as “Purchaser” in the ProcureAZ Summary at the following mailing address:

Arizona Department of Gaming
Division of Problem Gambling
1110 W. Washington, Suite 450
Phoenix, AZ 85007
3.3.3 CHANGES. State may change the designated Procurement Officer, update contact information, or change the applicable mailing address by Contract Amendment.

3.5 Signing of Contract Amendments

Contractor’s counter-signature – or “approval” in ProcureAZ, in the case of a Change Order – is not required to give effect if the Contract Amendment only covers either:

1. extension of the term of the Contract within the maximum aggregate term;
2. revision to Procurement Officer appointment or contact information; or
3. modifications of a clerical nature that have no effect on terms, conditions, price, scope, or other material aspect of the Contract.

In every case other than those listed in (1), (2), and (3) above, both parties’ signature – or “approval” in ProcureAZ, in the case of a Change Order – are required to give it effect.

3.6 Click-Through Terms and Conditions

If either party uses a web based ordering system, an electronic purchase order system, an electronic order acknowledgement, a form of an electronic acceptance, or any software based ordering system with respect to the Contract (each an “Electronic Ordering System”), the parties acknowledge and agree that an Electronic Ordering System is for ease of administration only, and Contractor is hereby given notice that the persons using Electronic Ordering Systems on behalf of State do not have any actual or apparent authority to create legally binding obligations that vary from the terms and conditions of the Contract. Accordingly, where an authorized State user is required to “click through” or otherwise accept or be made subject to any terms and conditions in using an Electronic Ordering Systems, any such terms and conditions are deemed void upon presentation. Additionally, where an authorized State user is required to accept or be made subject to any terms and conditions in accessing or employing any Materials or Services, those terms and conditions will also be void.

3.7 Books and Records

3.6.1 RETAIN RECORDS. By A.R.S. § 41-2548(B), Contractor shall retain and shall contractually require each Subcontractor to retain books and records relating to any cost and pricing data submitted in satisfaction of § 41-2543 for the period specified in the statute.

3.6.2 RIGHT TO AUDIT. The retained books and records are subject to audit by State during that period. By A.R.S. § 41-2548(B), Contractor shall retain and shall contractually require each Subcontractor to retain books and records relating to performance under the Contract for the period specified in the statute and those retained books and records are subject to audit by State during that period.

3.6.3 AUDITING. Contractor or Subcontractor shall either make all such books and records under subparagraphs 3.6.1 and 3.6.2 available to State at all reasonable times or produce the records at a designated State office on State’s demand, the choice of which being at State’s discretion. For the purpose of this paragraph, “reasonable times” are during normal business hours and in such a manner so as to not unreasonably interfere with normal business activities.

3.8 Contractor Licenses

Contractor shall maintain current all federal, state and local licenses and permits required for the operation of its business in general, for its operations under the Contract, and for the Work itself.

3.9 Inspection and Testing

By A.R.S. § 41-2547, State may at reasonable times inspect the part of Contractor’s or Subcontractors’ plant or places of business related to performance under the Contract. Accordingly, Contractor agrees to permit (for itself) and ensure (for Subcontractors) access for inspection at any reasonable time to its facilities, processes, and services. State may inspect or test, at its own cost, any finished goods, work-in-progress, components, or unfinished materials that are to be supplied under the Contract or that will be incorporated into something to be supplied under the Contract. If the inspection or testing shows non-conformance or defects, then Contractor will owe State reimbursement or payment of all costs it incurred in carrying out or contracting for the inspection and testing, as well as for any re-inspection or re-testing that might be necessary. Neither inspection of facilities nor testing of goods, work, components, or unfinished materials will of itself constitute acceptance by State of those things.
3.10 Ownership of Intellectual Property

3.10.1 RIGHTS IN WORK PRODUCT. All intellectual property originated or prepared by Contractor pursuant to the Contract, including but not limited to, inventions, discoveries, intellectual copyrights, trademarks, trade names, trade secrets, technical communications, records reports, computer programs and other documentation or improvements thereto, including Contractor’s administrative communications and records relating to the Contract, are considered work product and Contractor’s property, provided that, State has Government Purpose Rights to that work product as and when it was delivered to State.

(a) “Government Purpose Rights” are:

i. the unlimited, perpetual, irrevocable, royalty free, non-exclusive, worldwide right to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, sublicense, disclose and create derivatives from that work product without restriction for any activity in which State is a party;

ii. the right to release or disclose that work product to third parties for any State government purpose; and

iii. the right to authorize those to whom it rightfully releases or discloses that work product to use, modify, release, create derivative works from the work product for any State government purpose; such recipients being understood to include the federal government, the governments of other states, and various local governments.

(b) “Government Purpose Rights” do not include any right to use, modify, reproduce, perform, release, display, create derivative works from, or disclose that work product for any commercial purpose or to authorize others to do so.

3.10.2 ADDITIONAL NAMES. Contractor shall not enter into a Subcontract without first obtaining Procurement Officer’s written consent with any prospective Subcontractor that (a) was not listed on Attachment 3-C at time of Contract execution or (b) is for any

3.11 Subcontracts

3.11.1 INITIAL LIST. At the time of Contract execution, Contractor’s candidate Subcontractors were identified in Attachment 3-C to the Accepted Offer [Proposed Subcontractors]. Agreeing to them being included in the Accepted Offer signified Procurement Officer’s advance consent for Contractor to enter into a Subcontract with each candidate, which Contractor shall do as promptly as necessary to ensure its ability to carry out the Work in a timely manner.

3.11.2 ADDITIONAL NAMES. Contractor shall not enter into a Subcontract without first obtaining Procurement Officer’s written consent with any prospective Subcontractor that (a) was not listed on Attachment 3-C at time of Contract execution or (b) is for any
Materials or Services categories other than the ones for which they were previously consented. For either case (a) or (b), Contractor shall submit a written request sufficiently in advance of the need date for those materials or services so that performance under the Contract is not impaired. Procurement Officer may request any additional information he or she determines is necessary to assess the submittal, and may withhold consent pending it.

3.10.3 FLOW-DOWN. Contractor shall incorporate the provisions, terms, and conditions of the Contract into every Subcontract by inclusion or by reference, as appropriate. When making any post-execution consent requests, Contractor shall include its warrant that it will do the same for the pending Subcontracts covered by the request. Entering into Subcontracts will not relieve Contractor of any of its obligations or duties under the Contract, including, among other things, the duty to supervise and coordinate the work of Subcontractors. Nothing contained in any Subcontract will create or is to be construed as creating any contractual relationship between State and the Subcontractor.

3.12 Offshore Performance of Certain Work Prohibited

Contractor shall only perform those portions of the Services that directly serve State or its clients and involve access to secure or sensitive data or personal client data within the defined territories of the United States. Unless specifically stated otherwise in the Scope of Work, this paragraph does not apply to indirect or overhead services, redundant back-up services, or services that are incidental to performance under the Contract. This provision applies to work performed by Subcontractors at all tiers.

3.13 Orders

3.12.1 ORDER SUFFICIENCY. The Contract was awarded in accordance with the Arizona Procurement Code; the transactions and procedures required by the code for competitive source selection have been met. An Order issued that cites the correct State contract number will suffice to authorize Contractor to provide the Materials and perform the Services covered by that Order.

3.12.2 ORDER TERMS. All Orders are subject to the Contract Terms and Conditions; an Order cannot modify the Contract Terms and Conditions.

3.12.3 ORDERS ARE OBLIGATORY. Until the expiration or earlier termination of the Contract, State may issue and Contractor shall accept Orders that make proper reference to the Contract and are permissible hereunder, provided that, Contractor is not obliged to accept any Order that is not consistent with the then-current pricing, lead times, specifications, or payment provisions of the Contract. Contractor shall fulfill and complete any Orders that are begun but not yet completed as of expiration or earlier termination of the Contract unless State instructs otherwise at the time.

3.12.4 SPECIAL CASE. In the special case where both the following conditions are true, Procurement Officer’s signature on the Acceptance is Contractor’s authorization to perform and therefore no Order is required: (a) the Contract is identified as being a “single-agency/single-project” contract and (b) the Contract was created in ProcureAZ as something other than a “Master/Blanket” type.

3.12.5 NO MINIMUMS OR COMMITMENTS. (a) Contractor shall not impose any minimum dollar amount, item count, services volume, or services duration on Orders; (b) State makes no commitment of any kind concerning the quantity or monetary value of activity actually initiated or completed during the term of the Contract; (c) Contractor shall only deliver or perform as authorized by Orders; and (d) State is not limited as to the number of Orders it may issue for the Contract. For clarity of intent, the foregoing applies equally whether an Eligible Agency issues the Order or, if applicable, a Co-Op Buyer issues it.

3.12.6 NON-CONTRACTED MATERIALS OR SERVICES. Any attempt to knowingly represent for sales, marketing, or related purposes that goods or services not specifically awarded are under a State contract is a violation of the Contract and law.

3.14 Multiple-Use Provisions

Eligible Agencies may issue Orders for Services in several forms, all of which become final and effective by a “Release Purchase Order” in ProcureAZ. Orders issued by Co-Op Buyers will be in
whatever form the Co-Op Buyer normally uses. Regardless of origin, Orders must cite the State contract number to be valid. State may, at its discretion in each instance, determine the scope, schedule, and price for each Order in any of the following ways:

1. By choosing some or all of the Materials or Services items covered by the Contract for which a price is established in the Pricing Document, then preparing an Order using those prices (e.g., filling out an order form), and sending it to Contractor.

2. By instructing Contractor to provide a comprehensive proposal of item quantities, combinations, etc., or services hours, personnel, etc., for a defined scope using those established prices as a basis, then validating and negotiating the proposal with Contractor and issuing an Order if and when reaching agreement.

3. As described in (2) above but requesting the proposal from both Contractor and other vendors who are contracted within the applicable scope categories and locations, either sequentially or concurrently, then selecting the proposal or proposals combination that is most advantageous to State.

4. As described in (3) above but introducing ad-hoc commercial competition by making the selection and ordering conditional on obtaining more favorable prices than the contractually-established ones.

When evaluating the proposals under (3) and (4) above, State may select based on price (for example, a quoted number of hours times the contracted or improved rate plus a fixed amount for incidentals), by experience and qualifications (for example, having an office nearer the required work location), or whatever combination thereof it determines is most appropriate to the work in question.

3.15 Other Contractors

State may undertake with its own forces or award other contracts to the same or other vendors for additional or related work. In such cases, Contractor shall cooperate fully with State’s employees and such other vendors and carefully coordinate, fit, connect, accommodate, adjust, or sequence its work to the related work by others. Where the Contract requires handing-off Contractor’s work to others, Contractor shall cooperate as State instructs regarding the necessary transfer of its work product, services, or records to State or the other vendors. Contractor shall not commit or permit any act that interferes with the State’s or other vendors’ performance of their work, provided that, State shall enforce the foregoing section equitably among all its vendors so as not impose an unreasonable burden on any one of them.

4.0 Costs and Payments

4.1 Payments

4.1.1 PAYMENT DEADLINE. State shall make payments in compliance with Arizona Revised Statues Titles 35 and 41. Unless and then only to the extent expressly stated otherwise in the Pricing Document, State shall make payment in full for Materials that have been delivered and accepted and Services that have been performed and accepted within the time specified in A.R.S. § 35-342 after both of the following become true: (a) all of the Materials being invoiced have been delivered or installed (as applicable) and accepted and all of the Services being invoiced have been performed and accepted; and (b) Contractor has provided a complete and accurate invoice in the form and manner called for in the Pricing Document, provided that, State will not make or be liable for any payments to Contractor until Contractor has registered properly in ProcureAZ and provided a current IRS Form W-9 to State unless excused by law from providing one.

4.1.2 PAYMENTS ONLY TO CONTRACTOR. Unless compelled otherwise by operation of law or order of a court of competent jurisdiction, State will only make payment to Contractor under the federal tax identifier indicated on the Accepted Offer.

4.2 Applicable Taxes

4.2.1 CONTRACTOR TO PAY ALL TAXES. State is subject to Arizona TPT. Therefore, Arizona TPT applies to all sales under the Contract and Arizona TPT is Contractor’s responsibility (as seller) to remit. Contractor’s failure to collect Arizona TPT or any other applicable sales or use taxes from an Eligible Agency or Co-Op Buyer (as buyer) will not relieve Contractor of any obligation to remit sales or use taxes that are due under the Contract or laws. Unless stated otherwise in the Pricing Document, all prices therein include...
Arizona TPT as well as every other manner of transaction privilege or sales/use tax that is due to a municipality or another state or its political subdivisions. Contractor shall pay all federal, state, and local taxes applicable to its operations and personnel.

4.2.2 TAX INDEMNITY. Contractor shall hold State harmless from any responsibility for taxes or contributions, including any applicable damages and interest, that are due to federal, state, and local authorities with respect to the Work and the Contract, as well any related costs; the foregoing expressly includes Arizona TPT, unemployment compensation insurance, social security, and workers’ compensation insurance.

5.0 Contract Changes

5.1 Contract Amendments

The Contract is issued for State under the authority of Procurement Officer. Only a Contract Amendment can modify the Contract, and then only if it does not change the Contract’s general scope. Purported changes to the Contract by a person not expressly authorized by Procurement Officer or made unilaterally by Contractor will be void and without effect; Contractor will not be entitled to any claim made under the Contract based on any such purported changes.

5.2 Assignment and Delegation

5.2.1 IN WHOLE. Contractor shall not assign in whole its rights or delegate in whole its duties under the Contract without Procurement Officer’s prior written consent, which consent Procurement Officer may withhold at his or her discretion. If Contractor’s proposed assignment or delegation stems from a split, sale, acquisition, or other non-merger change in control, then no such consent will be given in any event without the assignee or delegate giving State satisfactory and equivalent evidence or assurance of its financial soundness, competency, capacity, and qualification to perform as that which Contractor possessed when State first awarded it the Contract.

5.2.2 IN PART. Subject to paragraph 3.11 [Subcontracts] with respect to subcontracting, Contractor may assign particular rights or delegate particular duties under the Contract, but shall obtain Procurement Officer’s written consent before doing so. Procurement Officer shall not unreasonably withhold consent so long as the proposed assignment or delegation does not attempt to modify the Contract in any way or to alter or impair State’s rights or remedies under the Contract or laws.

6.0 Risk and Liability

6.1 Contractor Insurance

Contractor and subcontractors shall procure and maintain until all of their obligations have been discharged, including any warranty periods under this Contract, are satisfied, insurance against claims for injury to persons or damage to property which may arise from or in connection with the performance of the work hereunder by the Contractor, his agents, representatives, employees or subcontractors.

The insurance requirements herein are minimum requirements for this Contract and in no way limit the indemnity covenants contained in this Contract. The State of Arizona in no way warrants that the minimum limits contained herein are sufficient to protect the Contractor from liabilities that might arise out of the performance of the work under this contract by the Contractor, its agents, representatives, employees or subcontractors, and Contractor is free to purchase additional insurance.

Indemnification Clause

To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the State of Arizona, and its departments, agencies, boards, commissions, universities, officers, officials, agents, and employees (hereinafter referred to as “Indemnitee”) from and against any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses, or expenses (including court costs, attorneys’ fees, and costs of claim processing, investigation and litigation) (hereinafter referred to as “Claims”) for bodily injury or personal injury (including death), or loss or damage to tangible or intangible property caused, or alleged to be caused, in whole or in part, by the negligent or willful acts or omissions of Contractor or any of its owners, officers, directors, agents, employees or subcontractors. This indemnity includes any claim or amount arising out of, or recovered...
under, the Workers’ Compensation Law or arising out of the failure of such Contractor to
conform to any federal, state, or local law, statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, or court decree.
It is the specific intention of the parties that the Indemnitee shall, in all instances, except for
Claims arising solely from the negligent or willful acts or omissions of the Indemnitee, be
indemnified by Contractor from and against any and all claims. It is agreed that Contractor will
be responsible for primary loss investigation, defense, and judgment costs where this
indemnification is applicable. In consideration of the award of this contract, the Contractor
agrees to waive all rights of subrogation against the State of Arizona, its officers, officials,
agents, and employees for losses arising from the work performed by the Contractor for the
State of Arizona.
This indemnity shall not apply if the contractor or sub-contractor(s) is/are an agency, board,
commission or university of the State of Arizona.
PUBLIC AGENCY. If Contractor is a public agency, each party (as ‘indemnitor’) agrees to
indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the other party (as ‘indemnitee’) from and against any
and all claims, losses, liability, costs, or expenses (including reasonable attorney’s fees)
(hereinafter collectively referred to as ‘claims’) arising out of bodily injury of any person
(including death) or property damage but only to the extent that such claims which result in
vicarious/derivative liability to the indemnitee, are caused by the act, omission, negligence,
misconduct, or other fault of the indemnitor, its officers, officials, agents, employees, or
volunteers.

MINIMUM SCOPE AND LIMITS OF INSURANCE: Contractor shall provide coverage with limits of
liability not less than those stated below.

1. Commercial General Liability (CGL) – Occurrence Form
   Policy shall include bodily injury, property damage, personal injury and broad form
contractual liability coverage
   - General Aggregate $2,000,000
   - Products – Completed Operations Aggregate $1,000,000
   - Personal and Advertising Injury $1,000,000
   - Blanket Contractual Liability – Written and Oral $1,000,000
   - Fire Legal Liability $50,000
   - Each Occurrence $1,000,000

   a. The policy shall be endorsed to include coverage for Sexual Abuse and
      Molestation (SAM).
   b. The policy shall be endorsed, as required by this written agreement, to include
      the State of Arizona, and its departments, agencies, boards, commissions,
      universities, officers, officials, agents, and employees as additional insureds
      with respect to liability arising out of the activities performed by or on behalf of
      the Contractor.
   c. Policy shall contain a waiver of subrogation endorsement, as required by this
      written agreement, in favor of the State of Arizona, and its departments,
      agencies, boards, commissions, universities, officers, officials, agents, and
      employees for losses arising from work performed by or on behalf of the
      Contractor.

2. Business Automobile Liability
   Bodily Injury and Property Damage for any owned, hired, and/or non-owned vehicles used in
the performance of this Contract.
   - Combined Single Limit (CSL) $1,000,000

   a. Policy shall be endorsed, as required by this written agreement, to include the
      State of Arizona, and its departments, agencies, boards, commissions,
      universities, officers, officials, agents, and employees as additional insureds
      with respect to liability arising out of the activities performed by, or on behalf
of, the Contractor involving automobiles owned, hired and/or non-owned by the Contractor.

b. Policy shall contain a waiver of subrogation endorsement as required by this written agreement in favor of the State of Arizona, and its departments, agencies, boards, commissions, universities, officers, officials, agents, and employees for losses arising from work performed by or on behalf of the Contractor.

3. Worker's Compensation and Employers' Liability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Workers' Compensation</th>
<th>Statutory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employers' Liability</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each Accident</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disease – Each Employee</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disease – Policy Limit</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. Policy shall contain a waiver of subrogation endorsement, as required by this written agreement, in favor of the State of Arizona, and its departments, agencies, boards, commissions, universities, officers, officials, agents, and employees for losses arising from work performed by or on behalf of the Contractor.

b. This requirement shall not apply to: Separately, EACH contractor or subcontractor exempt under A.R.S. 23-901, AND when such contractor or subcontractor executes the appropriate waiver (Sole Proprietor/Independent Contractor) form.

4. Professional Liability (Errors and Omissions Liability)

| Each Claim | $ 1,000,000 |
| Annual Aggregate | $ 2,000,000 |

a. In the event that the professional liability insurance required by this Contract is written on a claims-made basis, Contractor warrants that any retroactive date under the policy shall precede the effective date of this Contract; and that either continuous coverage will be maintained or an extended discovery period will be exercised for a period of two (2) years beginning at the time work under this Contract is completed.

b. Policy shall cover professional misconduct or wrongful acts for those positions defined in the Scope of Work of this contract.

ADDITIONAL INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS: The policies shall include, or be endorsed to include, the following provisions:

1. The Contractor’s policies, as applicable, shall stipulate that the insurance afforded the Contractor shall be primary and that any insurance carried by the Department, its agents, officials, employees or the State of Arizona shall be excess and not contributory insurance, as provided by A.R.S. § 41-621 (E).

2. Insurance provided by the Contractor shall not limit the Contractor’s liability assumed under the indemnification provisions of this Contract.

NOTICE OF CANCELLATION: Applicable to all insurance policies required within the Insurance Requirements of this Contract, Contractor’s insurance shall not be permitted to expire, be suspended, be canceled, or be materially changed for any reason without thirty (30) days prior written notice to the State of Arizona. Within two (2) business days of receipt, Contractor must provide notice to the State of Arizona if they receive notice of a policy that has been or will be suspended, canceled, materially changed for any reason, has expired, or will be expiring. Such notice shall be sent directly to the Department and shall be mailed, emailed, hand delivered or sent by facsimile transmission to (State Representative’s Name, Address & Fax Number).
ACCEPTABILITY OF INSURERS: Contractor’s insurance shall be placed with companies licensed in the State of Arizona or hold approved non-admitted status on the Arizona Department of Insurance List of Qualified Unauthorized Insurers. Insurers shall have an “A.M. Best” rating of not less than A- VII. The State of Arizona in no way warrants that the above-required minimum insurer rating is sufficient to protect the Contractor from potential insurer insolvency.

VERIFICATION OF COVERAGE: Contractor shall furnish the State of Arizona with certificates of insurance (valid ACORD form or equivalent approved by the State of Arizona) evidencing that Contractor has the insurance as required by this Contract. An authorized representative of the insurer shall sign the certificates.

All such certificates of insurance and policy endorsements must be received by the State before work commences. The State’s receipt of any certificates of insurance or policy endorsements that do not comply with this written agreement shall not waive or otherwise affect the requirements of this agreement.

Each insurance policy required by this Contract must be in effect at, or prior to, commencement of work under this Contract. Failure to maintain the insurance policies as required by this Contract, or to provide evidence of renewal, is a material breach of contract.

All certificates required by this Contract shall be sent directly to (Kristen Micurescu, 1110 W. Washington, Suite 450, Phoenix AZ 85007). The State of Arizona project/contract number and project description shall be noted on the certificate of insurance. The State of Arizona reserves the right to require complete, certified copies of all insurance policies required by this Contract at any time.

DO NOT SEND CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE TO THE STATE OF ARIZONA’S RISK MANAGEMENT DIVISION.

SUBCONTRACTORS: Contractor’s certificate(s) shall include all subcontractors as insureds under its policies or Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring and/or verifying that all subcontractors have valid and collectable insurance as evidenced by the certificates of insurance and endorsements for each subcontractor. All coverages for subcontractors shall be subject to the minimum Insurance Requirements identified above. The Department reserves the right to require, at any time throughout the life of this contract, proof from the Contractor that its subcontractors have the required coverage.

APPROVAL AND MODIFICATIONS: The Contracting Agency, in consultation with State Risk, reserves the right to review or make modifications to the insurance limits, required coverages, or endorsements throughout the life of this contract, as deemed necessary. Such action will not require a formal Contract amendment but may be made by administrative action.

EXCEPTIONS: In the event the Contractor or subcontractor(s) is/are a public entity, then the Insurance Requirements shall not apply. Such public entity shall provide a certificate of self-insurance. If the Contractor or subcontractor(s) is/are a State of Arizona agency, board, commission, or university, none of the above shall apply.

CONTRACTOR/VENDOR (NOT PUBLIC AGENCY). With respect to Materials or Services provided or proposed by a Contractor Indemnitor for performance under the Contract, Contractor shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless State Indemnities against any third-party claims for liability, costs, and expenses, including, but not limited to reasonable attorneys’ fees, for infringement or violation of any patent, trademark, copyright, or trade secret by the Materials and the Services. With respect to the defense and payment of claims under this subparagraph:

1. State shall provide reasonable and timely notification to Contractor of any claim for which Contractor may be liable under this paragraph;

2. Contractor, with reasonable consultation from State, shall have control of the defense of any action on an indemnified claim including all negotiations for its settlement or compromise;

3. State may elect to participate in such action at its own expense; and
4. State may approve or disapprove any settlement or compromise, provided that, (i) State shall not unreasonably withhold or delay such approval or disapproval and (ii) State shall cooperate in the defense and in any related settlement negotiations. If Contractor is a public agency, this paragraph 6.4 does not apply.

### Section 6.3 Force Majeure

**6.3.1 DEFINITION.** For this paragraph, “force majeure” means an occurrence that is (a) beyond the control of the affected party, (b) occurred without the party’s fault or negligence, and (c) something the party was unable to prevent by exercising reasonable diligence. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, force majeure expressly includes acts of God, acts of the public enemy, war, riots, strikes, mobilization, labor disputes, civil disorders, fire, flood, lockouts, injunctions-intervention acts, failures or refusals to act by government authorities, and, subject to paragraph 7.66 Performance in Public Health Emergency, declared public health emergencies. Force majeure expressly does not include late delivery caused by congestion at a manufacturer’s plant or elsewhere, an oversold condition of the market, late performance by a Subcontractor unless the delay arises out of an occurrence of force majeure, or inability of either Contractor or any Subcontractor to acquire or maintain any required insurance, bonds, licenses, or permits.

**6.3.2 RELIEF FROM PERFORMANCE.** Except for payment of sums due, the parties are not liable to each other if an occurrence of force majeure prevents its performance under the Contract. If either party is delayed at any time in the progress of their respective performance under the Contract by an occurrence of force majeure, the delayed party shall notify the other no later than the following working day after the occurrence, or as soon as it could reasonably have been expected to recognize that the occurrence had effect in cases where the effects were not readily apparent. In any event, the notice must make specific reference to this paragraph specifying the causes of the delay in the notice and, if the effects of the occurrence are on-going, provide an initial notification and thereafter the delayed party shall provide regular updates until such time as the effects are fully known. To the extent it is able, the delayed party shall cause the delay to cease promptly and notify the other party when it has done so. The parties shall extend the time of completion by Contract Amendment for a period equal to the time that the results or effects of the delay prevented the delayed party from performing.

**6.3.3 EXCUSABLE DELAY IS NOT DEFAULT.** Failure in performance by either party will not constitute default hereunder or give rise to any claim for damages or loss of anticipated profits if and to the extent that such failure was or is being caused by an occurrence of force majeure.

**6.3.4 DEFAULT DIMINISHES RELIEF.** Entitlement to relief from the effects of an occurrence of force majeure is diminished to the extent that the delay did or will result from the affected party’s default unrelated to the occurrence, in which case and to that extent the other party’s normal remedies and the affected party’s obligations would apply undiminished.

### Section 6.4 Third Party Antitrust Violations

Contractor assigns to State any claim for overcharges resulting from antitrust violations to the extent that those violations concern materials or services supplied by third parties to Contractor toward fulfillment of the Contract.

### Section 7.0 Warranties

**7.1 Conformity to Requirements**

Contractor warrants that, unless expressly provided otherwise elsewhere in the Contract, the Materials and Services will for 1 (one) year after acceptance and in each instance: (1) conform to the requirements of the Contract, which by way of reminder include without limitation all descriptions, specifications, and drawings identified in the Scope of Work and any Contractor affirmations included as part of the Contract; (2) be free from defects of material and workmanship; (3) conform to or perform in a manner consistent with current industry standards; and (4) be fit for the intended purpose or use described in the Contract. Mere delivery or performance does not substitute for express acceptance by State. Where inspection,
7.2 Contractor Personnel

Contractor warrants that its personnel will perform their duties under the Contract in a professional manner, applying the requisite skills and knowledge, consistent with industry standards, and in accordance with the requirements of the Contract. Contractor further warrants that its key personnel will maintain any certifications relevant to their work, and Contractor shall provide individual evidence of certification to State’s authorized representatives upon request.

7.3 Intellectual Property

Contractor warrants that the Materials and Services do not and will not infringe or violate any patent, trademark, copyright, trade secret, or other intellectual property rights or laws, except only to the extent the Specifications do not permit use of any other product and Contractor is not and cannot reasonably be expected to be aware of the infringement or violation.

7.4 Licenses and Permits

Contractor warrants that it will maintain all licenses required under paragraph 3.8 [Contractor Licenses] and all required permits valid and in force.

7.5 Operational Continuity

Contractor warrants that it will perform without relief notwithstanding being sold or acquired; no such event will operate to mitigate or alter any of Contractor’s duties hereunder absent a consented delegation under paragraph 5.2 [Assignment and Delegation] that expressly recognizes the event.

7.6 Performance in Public Health Emergency

Contractor warrants that it will:

1. have in effect promptly after commencement a plan for continuing performance in the event of a declared public health emergency that addresses, at a minimum: (a) identification of response personnel by name; (b) key succession and performance responses in the event of sudden and significant decrease in workforce; and (c) alternative avenues to keep sufficient product on hand or in the supply chain; and

2. provide a copy of its current plan to State within 3 (three) business days after State’s written request. If Contractor claims relief under paragraph 6.3 [Force Majeure] for an occurrence of force majeure that is a declared public health emergency, then that relief will be conditioned on Contractor having first implemented its plan and exhausted all reasonable opportunity for that plan implementation to overcome the effects of that occurrence, or mitigate those effects to the extent that overcoming entirely is not practicable.

For clarification of intent, being obliged to implement the plan is not of itself an occurrence of force majeure, and Contractor will not be entitled to any additional compensation or extension of time by virtue of having to implement it. Furthermore, failure to have or implement an appropriate plan will be a material breach of contract.

7.7 Lobbying

7.7.1 PROHIBITION.

(a) Contractor warrants that:

i. it will not engage in lobbying activities, as defined in 40 CFR part 34 and A.R.S. § 41-1231, et seq., using monies awarded under the Contract, provided that, the foregoing does not intend to constrain Contractor’s use of its own monies or property, including without limitation any net proceeds duly realized under the Contract or any value thereafter derived from those proceeds; and

ii. upon award of the Contract, it will disclose all lobbying activities to State to the extent they are an actual or potential conflict of interest or where such activities could create an appearance of impropriety.

(b) Contractor shall implement and maintain adequate controls to assure compliance with (a) above.

(c) Contractor shall obtain an equivalent warranty from all Subcontractors and shall include an equivalent no-lobbying provision in all Subcontracts.
7.7.2 EXCEPTION. This paragraph does not apply to the extent that the Services are defined in the Contract as being lobbying for State’s benefit or on State’s behalf.

7.8 Survival of Warranties
All representations and warrants made by Contractor under the Contract will survive the expiration or earlier termination of the Contract.

8.0 State's Contractual Remedies
No modifications to uniform terms and conditions section

9.0 Contract Termination
No modifications to uniform terms and conditions section

10.0 Contract Claims

10.1 Claim Resolution
Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, all contract claims or controversies under the Contract are to be resolved according to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 41, Chapter 23, Article 9, and rules adopted thereunder, including judicial review under A.R.S. § 12-1518.

10.2 Mandatory Arbitration
In compliance with A.R.S. § 12-1518, the parties agree to comply in a judicial review proceeding with any applicable, mandatory arbitration requirements.

11.0 RESERVED

12.0 General Provisions for Services

12.1 Applicability
Article 12 applies to the extent the Work is or includes Services.

12.2 Comprehensive Services Offering
Contractor shall provide the comprehensive range of services for which a price is established in the Pricing Document for ordering by Eligible Agencies, and Co-Op Buyers if co-op buying applies.

12.3 Additional Services
State at its discretion may modify the scope of the Contract by Contract Amendment to include additional services or service categories that are within the general scope of the ones originally covered by the Contract if it determines that doing so is in its best interest. Once the Contract Amendment is fully executed, Contractor shall then update all applicable price lists and make them available to all affected entities at no additional cost. Either party may make the request to add services to the Contract; regardless of who makes the request, the parties shall negotiate in good faith a fair price for any additional services, but State may elect not to add some or all of the services in question if no agreement is reached on pricing in a timely manner. Contractor’s request or proposal in response to State’s request must include documentation demonstrating that the proposed price for the additional services is both fair and reasonable and comparable to the original ones.

12.4 Off-Contract Services
Contractor shall ensure that the design and/or procedures for the Services ordering method prevents Orders for off-contract or excluded services. Notwithstanding that State might have its own internal administrative rules regarding off contract or excluded service ordering, and endeavors to prevent such orders from occurring, Contractor is responsible for not accepting any such Orders. State may, at its discretion, cancel any such Order without obligation. As used above, “off-contract service” refers to any service not included in the scope of the Contract and for which no price or compensation has been established contractually, and “excluded service” refers to any service expressly excluded from the scope of the Contract.

12.5 Removal of Personnel
Notwithstanding that Contractor is in every circumstance responsible for hiring, assigning, directing, managing, training, disciplining, and rewarding its personnel, State may at its
discretion and without the obligation to demonstrate cause instruct Contractor to remove any of its personnel from State’s facilities or from further assignment under the Contract. In such cases, Contractor shall promptly replace them with other personnel having equivalent qualifications, experience, and capabilities.

**12.6 Transitions**

During commencement, Contractor shall attend transition meetings with any outgoing vendors to coordinate and ease the transition so that the effect on State’s operations is kept to a minimum. State may elect to have outgoing vendors complete some or all of their work or orders in progress to ease the transition as is safest and most efficient in each instance, even if that scope is covered under the Contract. Conversely, State anticipates having a continued need for the same materials and services upon expiration or earlier termination of the Contract. Accordingly, Contractor shall work closely with any new (incoming) vendor and State to ensure as smooth and complete a transfer as is practicable. State’s representative shall coordinate all transition activities and facilitate joint development of a comprehensive transition plan by both Contractor and the incoming vendor. As with the incoming transition, State may permit Contractor (outgoing) to complete work or orders in progress to ease the transition as is safest and most efficient in each instance.

**12.7 Accuracy of Work**

Contractor is responsible for the accuracy of the Services, and shall promptly make all necessary revisions or corrections resulting from errors and omissions on its part without additional compensation. Acceptance by State will not relieve Contractor of responsibility for correction of any errors discovered subsequently or necessary clarification of any ambiguities.

**12.8 Requirements at Services Location**

Contractor personnel shall perform their assigned portions of the Services at the specific location indicated in the Order (if applicable). Contractor acknowledges that the location might be inside an industrial building, institutional building, or one of various office types and classes. Additionally, if performing the Services requires Contractor personnel to work inside a secured perimeter at certain institutional facilities such as prisons where prior clearances are required, Contractor shall contact the facility directly to confirm its most-current security clearance procedures, allowable hours for work, visitor dress code, and other applicable rules. State will neither allow extra charges for wait time, comebacks, or the like nor excuse late performance if Contractor has failed to make the confirmation or comply with the applicable conditions.

**12.9 Services Acceptance**

State has the right to make acceptance of Services subject to acceptance criteria. State may apply as acceptance criteria conformity to the Contract, accuracy, completeness, or other indicators of quality or other matter for which the Contract or law states a requirement, whether stated directly or by reference to another document, standard, reference specification, etc. State will not owe Contractor any payment for un-accepted Services; and State may, at its discretion, withhold or make partial payment for any rejected Services if Contractor is still in the process of re-performing or otherwise curing the grounds for State’s rejection.

**12.10 Corrective Action Required**

Notwithstanding any other guarantees, general warranties, or particular warranties Contractor has given under the Contract, if Contractor fails to perform any material portion of the Services, including failing to complete any contractual deliverable, or if its performance fails to meet agreed-upon service levels or service standards set out in or referred to in the Contract, then Contractor shall perform a root-cause analysis to identify the source of the failure and use all commercially reasonable efforts to correct the failure and meet the Contract requirements as promptly as is practicable.

1. Contractor shall provide to State a report detailing the identified cause and setting out its detailed corrective action plan promptly after the date the failure occurred (or the date when the failure first became apparent, if it was not apparent immediately after occurrence).

2. State may demand to review and approve Contractor’s analysis and plans, and Contractor shall make any corrections State instructs and adopt State’s recommendations so far as is commercially practicable, provided that State may insist
on any measures it determines within reason to be necessary for safety or protecting property and the environment.

3. Contractor shall take the necessary action to avoid any like failure in the future, if doing so is appropriate and practicable under the circumstances.

### 13.0 Data and Information Handling

#### 13.1 Applicability

Article 13 applies to the extent the Work includes handling of any (1) State’s proprietary and sensitive data or (2) confidential or access-restricted information obtained from State or from others at State’s behest.

#### 13.2 Data Protection and Confidentiality of Information

Contractor warrants that it will establish and maintain procedures and controls acceptable to State for ensuring that State’s proprietary and sensitive data is protected from unauthorized access and information obtained from State or others in performance of its contractual duties is not mishandled, misused, or inappropriately released or disclosed. For purposes of this paragraph, all data created by Contractor in any way related to the Contract, provided to Contractor by State, or prepared by others for State are propriety to State, and all information by those same avenues is State’s confidential information. To comply with the foregoing warrant:

1. Contractor shall: (a) notify State immediately of any unauthorized access or inappropriate disclosures, whether stemming from an external security breach, internal breach, system failure, or procedural lapse; (b) cooperate with State to identify the source or cause of and respond to each unauthorized access or inappropriate disclosure; and (c) notify State promptly of any security threat that could result in unauthorized access or inappropriate disclosures; and

2. Contractor shall not: (a) release any such data or allow it to be released or divulge any such information to anyone other than its employees or officers as needed for each person’s individual performance of his or her duties under the Contract, unless State has agreed otherwise in advance and in writing; or (b) respond to any requests it receives from a third party for such data or information, and instead route all such requests to State’s designated representative.

#### 13.3 Personally Identifiable Information

Without limiting the generality of paragraph 13.2, Contractor warrants that it will protect any personally identifiable information ("PII") belonging to State’s employees’ or other contractors or members of the general public that it receives from State or otherwise acquires in its performance under the Contract.

For purposes of this paragraph:

1. PII has the meaning given in the [federal] Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Memorandum M-07-16 Safeguarding Against and Responding to the Breach of Personally Identifiable Information; and

2. “protect” means taking measures to safeguard personally identifiable information and prevent its breach that are functionally equivalent to those called for in that OMB memorandum and elaborated on in the [federal] General Services Administration (GSA) Directive CIO P 2180.1 GSA Rules of Behavior for Handling Personally Identifiable Information.

NOTE (1): For convenience of reference only, the OMB memorandum is available at:

NOTE (2): For convenience of reference only, the GSA directive is available at:
http://www.gsa.gov/portal/directive/d0/content/658222

#### 13.4 Protected Health Information

Contractor warrants that, to the extent performance under the Contract involves individually identifiable health information (referred to hereinafter as protected health information ("PHI") and electronic PHI ("ePHI") as defined in the Privacy Rule referred to below), it:
1. is familiar with and will comply with the applicable aspects of the following collective regulatory requirements regarding patient information privacy protection: (a) the “Privacy Rule” in CFR 45 Part 160 and Part 164 pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (“HIPAA”) of 1996; (b) Arizona laws, rules, and regulations applicable to PHI/ePHI that are not preempted by CFR 45-160(B) or the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (“ERISA”) as amended; and (c) State’s current and published PHI/ePHI privacy and security policies and procedures;

2. will cooperate with State in the course of performing under the Contract so that both State and Contractor stay in compliance with the requirements in (1) above; and

3. will sign any documents that are reasonably necessary to keep both State and Contractor in compliance with the requirements in (1) above, in particular “Business Associate Agreements” in accordance with the Privacy Rule.

NOTE: For convenience of reference only, the Privacy Rule is available at: [http://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/for-professionals/privacy/index.html](http://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/for-professionals/privacy/index.html)

14.0 RESERVED

No modifications to uniform terms and conditions section

End of Section 2-B
SECTION 2-D:
Uniform Terms and Conditions

Version: 9 (7/1/2013)

1.0 Definition of Terms

As used in the Contract, the terms listed below are defined as follows:

1.1 Attachment

“Attachment” means any item the solicitation requires the Offeror to submit as part of the Offer.

1.2 Contract

“Contract” means the combination of the Solicitation, including the Uniform and Special Instructions to Offerors, the Uniform and Special Terms and Conditions, and the Specifications and Statement or Scope of Work; the Offer and any Best and Final Offers; and any Solicitation Amendments or Contract Amendments.

1.3 Contract Amendment

“Contract Amendment” means a written document signed by the Procurement Officer that is issued for the purpose of making changes in the Contract.

1.4 Contractor

“Contractor” means any Person who has a Contract with the State.

1.5 Days

“Days” means calendar days unless otherwise specified.

1.6 Exhibit

“Exhibit” means any item labeled as an Exhibit in the Solicitation or placed in the Exhibits section of the Solicitation.

1.7 Gratuity

“Gratuity” means a payment, loan, subscription, advance, deposit of money, services, or anything of more than nominal value, present or promised, unless consideration of substantially equal or greater value is received.

1.8 Materials

“Materials” means all property, including equipment, supplies, printing, insurance and leases of property but does not include land, a permanent interest in land or real property or leasing space.

1.9 Procurement Officer

“Procurement Officer” means the person, or his or her designee, duly authorized by the State to enter into and administer Contracts and make written determinations with respect to the Contract.

1.10 Services

“Services” has the meaning given in A.R.S. § 41-2503(35), which, for convenience of reference only, is “… the furnishing of labor, time, or effort by [the] [C]ontractor or [S]ubcontractor which does not involve the delivery of a specific end product other than required reports and performance [but] does not include employment agreements or collective bargaining agreements.” Services includes Building Work and the service aspects of software described in paragraph 1.8.

1.11 State

“State” means the State of Arizona and Department or Agency of the State that executes the Contract.

1.12 State Fiscal Year

“State Fiscal Year” means the period beginning with July 1 and ending June 30.

1.13 Subcontract

“Subcontract” means any Contract, express or implied, between the Contractor and another party or between a subcontractor and another party delegating or assigning, in whole or in part, the making or furnishing of any material or any service required for the performance of the Contract.

2.0 Contract Interpretation

2.1 Arizona Law

The Arizona law applies to this Contract including, where applicable, the Uniform Commercial Code as adopted by the State of Arizona and the Arizona Procurement Code, Arizona Revised

Available online at: Procure.AZ.gov
2.2 Implied Terms
Each provision of law and any terms required by law to be in this Contract are a part of this Contract as if fully stated in it.

2.3 Contract Order of Precedence
In the event of a conflict in the provisions of the Contract, as accepted by the State and as they may be amended, the following shall prevail in the order set forth below:
2.3.1. Special Terms and Conditions;
2.3.2. Uniform Terms and Conditions;
2.3.3. Statement or Scope of Work;
2.3.4. Specifications;
2.3.5. Attachments;
2.3.6. Exhibits;
2.3.7. Documents referenced or included in the Solicitation.

2.4 Relationship of Parties
The Contractor under this Contract is an independent Contractor. Neither party to this Contract shall be deemed to be the employee or agent of the other party to the Contract.

2.5 Severability
The provisions of this Contract are severable. Any term or condition deemed illegal or invalid shall not affect any other term or condition of the Contract.

2.6 No Parole Evidence
This Contract is intended by the parties as a final and complete expression of their agreement. No course of prior dealings between the parties and no usage of the trade shall supplement or explain any terms used in this document and no other understanding either oral or in writing shall be binding.

2.7 No Waiver
Either party's failure to insist on strict performance of any term or condition of the Contract shall not be deemed a waiver of that term or condition even if the party accepting or acquiescing in the nonconforming performance knows of the nature of the performance and fails to object to it.

3.0 Contract Administration and Operation

3.1 Records
Under A.R.S. § 35-214 and § 35-215, the Contractor shall retain and shall contractually require each subcontractor to retain all data and other "records" relating to the acquisition and performance of the Contract for a period of five years after the completion of the Contract. All records shall be subject to inspection and audit by the State at reasonable times. Upon request, the Contractor shall produce a legible copy of any or all such records.

3.2 Non-Discrimination
The Contractor shall comply with State Executive Order No. 2009-09 and all other applicable Federal and State laws, rules and regulations, including the Americans with Disabilities Act.

3.3 Audit
Pursuant to ARS § 35-214, at any time during the term of this Contract and five (5) years thereafter, the Contractor’s or any subcontractor’s books and records shall be subject to audit by the State and, where applicable, the Federal Government, to the extent that the books and records relate to the performance of the Contract or Subcontract.

3.4 Facilities Inspection and Materials Testing
The Contractor agrees to permit access to its facilities, subcontractor facilities and the Contractor’s processes or services, at reasonable times for inspection of the facilities or materials covered under this Contract. The State shall also have the right to test, at its own cost, the materials to be supplied under this Contract. Neither inspection of the Contractor’s facilities nor materials testing shall constitute final acceptance of the materials or services. If the State determines noncompliance of the materials, the Contractor shall be responsible for the payment of all costs incurred by the State for testing and inspection.
3.5 Notices

Notices to the Contractor required by this Contract shall be made by the State to the person indicated on the Offer and Acceptance form submitted by the Contractor unless otherwise stated in the Contract. Notices to the State required by the Contract shall be made by the Contractor to the Solicitation Contact Person indicated on the Solicitation cover sheet, unless otherwise stated in the Contract. An authorized Procurement Officer and an authorized Contractor representative may change their respective person to whom notice shall be given by written notice to the other and an amendment to the Contract shall not be necessary.

3.6 Advertising, Publishing and Promotion of Contract

The Contractor shall not use, advertise or promote information for commercial benefit concerning this Contract without the prior written approval of the Procurement Officer.

3.7 Property of the State

Any materials, including reports, computer programs and other deliverables, created under this Contract are the sole property of the State. The Contractor is not entitled to a patent or copyright on those materials and may not transfer the patent or copyright to anyone else. The Contractor shall not use or release these materials without the prior written consent of the State.

3.8 Ownership of Intellectual Property

Any and all intellectual property, including but not limited to copyright, invention, trademark, trade name, service mark, and/or trade secrets created or conceived pursuant to or as a result of this contract and any related subcontract ("Intellectual Property"), shall be work made for hire and the State shall be considered the creator of such Intellectual Property. The agency, department, division, board or commission of the State of Arizona requesting the issuance of this contract shall own (for and on behalf of the State) the entire right, title and interest to the Intellectual Property throughout the world. Contractor shall notify the State, within thirty (30) days, of the creation of any Intellectual Property by it or its subcontractor(s). Contractor, on behalf of itself and any subcontractor(s), agrees to execute any and all document(s) necessary to assure ownership of the Intellectual Property vests in the State and shall take no affirmative actions that might have the effect of vesting all or part of the Intellectual Property in any entity other than the State. The Intellectual Property shall not be disclosed by contractor or its subcontractor(s) to any entity not the State without the express written authorization of the agency, department, division, board or commission of the State of Arizona requesting the issuance of this contract.

3.9 Federal Immigration and Nationality Act

The contractor shall comply with all federal, state and local immigration laws and regulations relating to the immigration status of their employees during the term of the contract. Further, the contractor shall flow down this requirement to all subcontractors utilized during the term of the contract. The State shall retain the right to perform random audits of contractor and subcontractor records or to inspect papers of any employee thereof to ensure compliance. Should the State determine that the contractor and/or any subcontractors be found noncompliant, the State may pursue all remedies allowed by law, including, but not limited to; suspension of work, termination of the contract for default and suspension and/or debarment of the contractor.

3.10 E-Verify Requirements

In accordance with A.R.S. § 41-4401, Contractor warrants compliance with all Federal immigration laws and regulations relating to employees and warrants its compliance with Section A.R.S. § 23-214, Subsection A.

3.11 Offshore Performance of Work Prohibited.

Any services that are described in the specifications or scope of work that directly serve the State of Arizona or its clients and involve access to secure or sensitive data or personal client data shall be performed within the defined territories of the United States. Unless specifically stated otherwise in the specifications, this paragraph does not apply to indirect or ‘overhead’ services, redundant back-up services or services that are incidental to the performance of the contract. This provision applies to work performed by subcontractors at all tiers.
4.0 Costs and Payments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>Payments</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Payments shall comply with the requirements of A.R.S. Titles 35 and 41, Net 30 days. Upon receipt and acceptance of goods or services, the Contractor shall submit a complete and accurate invoice for payment from the State within thirty (30) days.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>Delivery</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Unless stated otherwise in the Contract, all prices shall be F.O.B. Destination and shall include all freight delivery and unloading at the destination.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>Applicable Taxes</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.3.1</td>
<td>Payment of Taxes</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.3.2</td>
<td>State and Local Transaction Privilege Taxes</td>
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<td>4.3.3</td>
<td>Tax Indemnification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.4</td>
<td>IRS W9 Form</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Availability of Funds for the Next State fiscal year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Funds may not presently be available for performance under this Contract beyond the current state fiscal year. No legal liability on the part of the State for any payment may arise under this Contract beyond the current state fiscal year until funds are made available for performance of this Contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>Availability of Funds for the current State fiscal year</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Should the State Legislature enter back into session and reduce the appropriations or for any reason and these goods or services are not funded, the State may take any of the following actions:</td>
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<tr>
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<td>4.5.1 Accept a decrease in price offered by the contractor;</td>
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<td>4.5.2 Cancel the Contract; or</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>4.5.3 Cancel the contract and re-solicit the requirements</td>
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5.0 Contract Changes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>Amendments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This Contract is issued under the authority of the Procurement Officer who signed this Contract. The Contract may be modified only through a Contract Amendment within the scope of the Contract. Changes to the Contract, including the addition of work or materials, the revision of payment terms, or the substitution of work or materials, directed by a person who is not specifically authorized by the procurement officer in writing or made unilaterally by the Contractor are violations of the Contract and of applicable law. Such changes, including unauthorized written Contract Amendments shall be void and without effect, and the Contractor shall not be entitled to any claim under this Contract based on those changes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>Subcontracts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract under this Contract for the performance of this contract without the advance written approval of the Procurement Officer. The Contractor shall clearly list any proposed subcontractors and the subcontractor’s proposed responsibilities. The Subcontract shall incorporate by reference the terms and conditions of this Contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>Assignment and Delegation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Contractor shall not assign any right nor delegate any duty under this Contract without the prior written approval of the Procurement Officer. The State shall not unreasonably withhold approval.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.0 Risk and Liability

6.1 Risk of Loss

The Contractor shall bear all loss of conforming material covered under this Contract until received by authorized personnel at the location designated in the purchase order or Contract. Mere receipt does not constitute final acceptance. The risk of loss for nonconforming materials shall remain with the Contractor regardless of receipt.

6.2 Indemnification

6.2.1. Contractor/Vendor Indemnification (Not Public Agency) The parties to this contract agree that the State of Arizona, its departments, agencies, boards and commissions shall be indemnified and held harmless by the contractor for the vicarious liability of the State as a result of entering into this contract. However, the parties further agree that the State of Arizona, its departments, agencies, boards and commissions shall be responsible for its own negligence. Each party to this contract is responsible for its own negligence.

6.2.2. Public Agency Language Only Each party (as ‘indemnitor’) agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the other party (as ‘indemnitee’) from and against any and all claims, losses, liability, costs, or expenses (including reasonable attorney’s fees) (hereinafter collectively referred to as ‘claims’) arising out of bodily injury of any person (including death) or property damage but only to the extent that such claims which result in vicarious/derivative liability to the indemnitee, are caused by the act, omission, negligence, misconduct, or other fault of the indemnitor, its officers, officials, agents, employees, or volunteers.”

6.3 Indemnification – Patent and Copyright

The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the State against any liability, including costs and expenses, for infringement of any patent, trademark or copyright arising out of Contract performance or use by the State of materials furnished or work performed under this Contract. The State shall reasonably notify the Contractor of any claim for which it may be liable under this paragraph. If the contractor is insured pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-621 and § 35-154, this section shall not apply.

6.4 Force Majeure

6.4.1 Except for payment of sums due, neither party shall be liable to the other nor deemed in default under this Contract if and to the extent that such party’s performance of this Contract is prevented by reason of force majeure. The term “force majeure” means an occurrence that is beyond the control of the party affected and occurs without its fault or negligence. Without limiting the foregoing, force majeure includes acts of God; acts of the public enemy; war; riots; strikes; mobilization; labor disputes; civil disorders; fire; flood; lockouts; injunctions-intervention-acts; or failures or refusals to act by government authority; and other similar occurrences beyond the control of the party declaring force majeure which such party is unable to prevent by exercising reasonable diligence.

6.4.2. Force Majeure shall not include the following occurrences:

6.4.2.1. Late delivery of equipment or materials caused by congestion at a manufacturer’s plant or elsewhere, or an oversold condition of the market;

6.4.2.2. Late performance by a subcontractor unless the delay arises out of a force majeure occurrence in accordance with this force majeure term and condition;

6.4.2.3. Inability of either the Contractor or any subcontractor to acquire or maintain any required insurance, bonds, licenses or permits.

6.4.3. If either party is delayed at any time in the progress of the work by force majeure, the delayed party shall notify the other party in writing of such delay, as soon as is practicable and no later than the following working day, of the commencement thereof and shall specify the causes of such delay in such notice. Such notice shall be delivered or mailed certified-return receipt and shall make a specific reference to this article, thereby invoking its provisions. The delayed party shall cause such delay to cease as soon as practicable and shall notify the other party in writing when it has done so. The time of completion shall be extended by Contract Amendment for a period of time
equal to the time that results or effects of such delay prevent the delayed party from performing in accordance with this Contract.

6.4.4. Any delay or failure in performance by either party hereto shall not constitute default hereunder or give rise to any claim for damages or loss of anticipated profits if, and to the extent that such delay or failure is caused by force majeure.

6.5 Third Party Antitrust Violations

The Contractor assigns to the State any claim for overcharges resulting from antitrust violations to the extent that those violations concern materials or services supplied by third parties to the Contractor, toward fulfillment of this Contract.

7.0 Warranties

7.1 Liens

The Contractor warrants that the materials supplied under this Contract are free of liens and shall remain free of liens.

7.2 Quality

Unless otherwise modified elsewhere in these terms and conditions, the Contractor warrants that, for one year after acceptance by the State of the materials, they shall be:

7.2.1. Of a quality to pass without objection in the trade under the Contract description;
7.2.2. Fit for the intended purposes for which the materials are used;
7.2.3. Within the variations permitted by the Contract and are of even kind, quantity, and quality within each unit and among all units;
7.2.4. Adequately contained, packaged and marked as the Contract may require; and
7.2.5. Conform to the written promises or affirmations of fact made by the Contractor.

7.3 Fitness

The Contractor warrants that any material supplied to the State shall fully conform to all requirements of the Contract and all representations of the Contractor, and shall be fit for all purposes and uses required by the Contract.

7.4 Inspection/Testing

The warranties set forth in subparagraphs 7.1 through 7.3 of this paragraph are not affected by inspection or testing of or payment for the materials by the State.

7.5 Compliance with Laws

The materials and services supplied under this Contract shall comply with all applicable Federal, state and local laws, and the Contractor shall maintain all applicable license and permit requirements.

7.6 Survival of Rights and Obligations after Contract Expiration or Termination

7.6.1. Contractor’s Representations and Warranties. All representations and warranties made by the Contractor under this Contract shall survive the expiration or termination hereof. In addition, the parties hereto acknowledge that pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-510, except as provided in A.R.S. § 12-529, the State is not subject to or barred by any limitations of actions prescribed in A.R.S., Title 12, Chapter 5.

7.6.2. Purchase Orders. The Contractor shall, in accordance with all terms and conditions of the Contract, fully perform and shall be obligated to comply with all purchase orders received by the Contractor prior to the expiration or termination hereof, unless otherwise directed in writing by the Procurement Officer, including, without limitation, all purchase orders received prior to but not fully performed and satisfied at the expiration or termination of this Contract.

8.0 State’s Contractual Remedies

8.1 Right to Assurance

If the State in good faith has reason to believe that the Contractor does not intend to, or is unable to perform or continue performing under this Contract, the Procurement Officer may demand in writing that the Contractor give a written assurance of intent to perform. Failure by the Contractor to provide written assurance within the number of Days specified in the demand may, at the State’s option, be the basis for terminating the Contract under the Uniform Terms and Conditions or other rights and remedies available by law or provided by the contract.

8.2 Stop Work Order

8.2.1. The State may, at any time, by written order to the Contractor, require the Contractor to stop all or any part, of the work called for by this Contract for period(s) of days indicated...
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by the State after the order is delivered to the Contractor. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage.

8.2.2. If a stop work order issued under this clause is canceled or the period of the order or any extension expires, the Contractor shall resume work. The Procurement Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or Contract price, or both, and the Contract shall be amended in writing accordingly.

8.3 Non-exclusive Remedies

The rights and remedies of the State under this Contract are not exclusive.

8.4 Nonconforming Tender

Materials or services supplied under this Contract shall fully comply with the Contract. The delivery of materials or services or a portion of the materials or services that do not fully comply constitutes a breach of contract. On delivery of nonconforming materials or services, the State may terminate the Contract for default under applicable termination clauses in the Contract, exercise any of its rights and remedies under the Uniform Commercial Code, or pursue any other right or remedy available to it.

8.5 Right of Offset

The State shall be entitled to offset against any sums due the Contractor, any expenses or costs incurred by the State, or damages assessed by the State concerning the Contractor’s non-conforming performance or failure to perform the Contract, including expenses, costs and damages described in the Uniform Terms and Conditions.

9.0 Contract Termination

9.1 Cancellation for Conflict of Interests

Pursuant to A.R.S. § 38-511, the State may cancel this Contract within three (3) years after Contract execution without penalty or further obligation if any person significantly involved in initiating, negotiating, securing, drafting or creating the Contract on behalf of the State is or becomes at any time while the Contract or an extension of the Contract is in effect an employee of or a consultant to any other party to this Contract with respect to the subject matter of the Contract. The cancellation shall be effective when the Contractor receives written notice of the cancellation unless the notice specifies a later time. If the Contractor is a political subdivision of the State, it may also cancel this Contract as provided in A.R.S. § 38-511.

9.2 Gratuities

The State may, by written notice, terminate this Contract, in whole or in part, if the State determines that employment or a Gratuity was offered or made by the Contractor or a representative of the Contractor to any officer or employee of the State for the purpose of influencing the outcome of the procurement or securing the Contract, an amendment to the Contract, or favorable treatment concerning the Contract, including the making of any determination or decision about contract performance. The State, in addition to any other rights or remedies, shall be entitled to recover exemplary damages in the amount of three times the value of the Gratuity offered by the Contractor.

9.3 Suspension or Debarment

The State may, by written notice to the Contractor, immediately terminate this Contract if the State determines that the Contractor has been debarred, suspended or otherwise lawfully prohibited from participating in any public procurement activity, including but not limited to, being disapproved as a subcontractor of any public procurement unit or other governmental body. Submittal of an offer or execution of a contract shall attest that the contractor is not currently suspended or debarred. If the contractor becomes suspended or debarred, the contractor shall immediately notify the State.

9.4 Termination for Convenience

The State reserves the right to terminate the Contract, in whole or in part at any time when in the best interest of the State, without penalty or recourse. Upon receipt of the written notice, the Contractor shall stop all work, as directed in the notice, notify all subcontractors of the effective date of the termination and minimize all further costs to the State. In the event of termination under this paragraph, all documents, data and reports prepared by the Contractor under the Contract shall become the property of and be delivered to the State upon demand.
The Contractor shall be entitled to receive just and equitable compensation for work in progress, work completed and materials accepted before the effective date of the termination. The cost principles and procedures provided in A.A.C. R2-7-701 shall apply.

9.5.1. In addition to the rights reserved in the contract, the State may terminate the Contract in whole or in part due to the failure of the Contractor to comply with any term or condition of the Contract, to acquire and maintain all required insurance policies, bonds, licenses and permits, or to make satisfactory progress in performing the Contract. The Procurement Officer shall provide written notice of the termination and the reasons for it to the Contractor.

9.5.2. Upon termination under this paragraph, all goods, materials, documents, data and reports prepared by the Contractor under the Contract shall become the property of and be delivered to the State on demand.

9.5.3. The State may, upon termination of this Contract, procure, on terms and in the manner that it deems appropriate, materials or services to replace those under this Contract. The Contractor shall be liable to the State for any excess costs incurred by the State in procuring materials or services in substitution for those due from the Contractor.

9.6. The Contractor shall continue to perform, in accordance with the requirements of the Contract, up to the date of termination, as directed in the termination notice.

10.0 Contract Claims

10.1 Contract Claims All contract claims or controversies under this Contract shall be resolved according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 23, Article 9, and rules adopted thereunder.

11.0 Arbitration

11.1 Arbitration The parties to this Contract agree to resolve all disputes arising out of or relating to this contract through arbitration, after exhausting applicable administrative review, to the extent required by A.R.S. § 12-1518, except as may be required by other applicable statutes (Title 41).

12.0 Comments Welcome

12.1 Comments Welcome The State Procurement Office periodically reviews the Uniform Terms and Conditions and welcomes any comments you may have. Please submit your comments to: State Procurement Administrator, State Procurement Office, 100 North 15th Avenue, Suite 201, Phoenix, Arizona, 85007.

End of Section 2-D

End of Part 2